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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/774,937	01/31/2001	Koichiro Yamashita	1503.65173	6180
24978 75	590 07/19/2005		EXAMINER	
GREER, BURNS & CRAIN			BULLOCK JR, LEWIS ALEXANDER	
300 S WACKE 25TH FLOOR	K DK		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO, IL 60606			2195	
			DATE MAILED: 07/19/200:	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

4)

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)
09/774,937	YAMASHITA, KOICHIRO
Examiner	Art Unit
Lewis A. Bullock, Jr.	2195

	Lewis A. Bullock, Jr.	2195					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 30 June 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or of this application, applicant must timely file one of the followances the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in completely following time periods: 	n the same day as filing a Notice o wing replies: (1) an amendment, a otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in	f Appeal. To avoid ab ffidavit, or other evide compliance with 37 (ence, which CFR 41.31; or				
a) \square The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of	the final rejection.						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adviewent, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FI	f the final rejection. IRST REPLY WAS FILE	D WITHIN TWO				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL							
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compositing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any expine a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be AMENDMENTS	xtension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal o	of the appeal.				
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brie	f, will <u>not</u> be entered l	pecause				
(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);							
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	ter form for appeal by materially re	educing or simplifying	the issues for				
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a		jected claims.					
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		omnliant Amendment	(PTOL-324)				
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		omphant Amendment	(1 10L-324).				
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a the non-allowable claim(s).	<u> </u>	, timely filed amendm	ent canceling				
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		rill be entered and an	explanation of				
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-5,8,9,11,14 and 16</u> .							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).							
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fa	ils to provide a				
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	•	, ,,	•				
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	nce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper	No(s).	^				
13. Other:		LEWIS A BULLOCK,	Cech &				
		LEWIS A. BULLOCK,	JR. FR				

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: the arguments are unpersuasive. Applicant argued that the teachings of Wheat and Silva do not teach or allude to the hierarchical process as disclosed in the claims. The examiner disagrees. Hiearchy is defined as the type of organization that, like a tree, branches into more specific units, each of which is owned by the higher level unit. The specification does not make any reference that the hierarchy are layered above or below one another as detailed in the separate teachings of each of four hierarchies (See pg. 13, line 9 - pg 13, line 7 and figs 4-16). There only exists a functional relationship between the four hierarchies in that the first hierarchy must occur before the second hierarchy, the second hierarchy before the third hierarchy, and so on. In essence, there only exist a functional relationship between the various hierarchies. Wheat teaches the dynamic toad balancing of an application to a plurality of processors on a parallel system that performs dynamic rescheduling of tasks, i.e. data cells, of the application among the processors by assigning a data cell to the processors, dynamic scheduling when a data cell is entered into a processor element and dynamic scheduling of a data cell currently being executed on a processor element based on the load (col. 2, lines 17-33; col. 2, lines 45-47; col. 5, lines 51-67; col. 13, lines 29-51). However, Wheat does not teach that the assigning of the data cells are first stored in a queue and then assigned from the queue to the processors. Silva teaches that a tasks of a job to be executed on a parallel machine are first sent and stored on a job queue and then the jobs are taken from the queue based on their priority and scheduled on the processors for execution (pgs. 2-4). The task that are executed are dynamically rescheduled after the reception of the global clock signal, a task block, a job arrival, a job termination, would generate a workload change to reschedule the task that are executing or could execute. Therefore, Silva teaches how the tasks are initially assigned to a processor through a queue to a system of Wheat which only discloses assigning a data cell to a processor and dynamically rescheduling based on subsequent scheduling operations as disclosed by Wheat. Hence, the combination teaches the limitations of the claims such that the claims have a functional hierarchy wherein one scheduling function leads to another scheduling function and so on. Therefore, the combination meets the limitations of the claims as disclosed. Applicant then argues that the motivation for the combination of the references is from the Examiners own personal opinion and therefore the combination is inadequate because the motivation must come from the references themselves. The examiner disagrees. As stated in the rejection, the motivation did come from the references. Both references teaches the scheduling of a paralell job (application) having a plurality of tasks (data cells) to a plurality of processors. Hence the references are analogous art. Secondly, Silva's abstract states the very reasoning that the examiner referred to. wherein Concurrent Gang scheduling allows for the flexible simultaneous scheduling of multiple parallel jobs with different characteristics. Therefore, Applicant argument is moot since Applicant states that the motivation must come from the references and the current motiviation does come from the references. Therefore, the rejection is maintained.